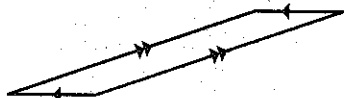


# Practice A

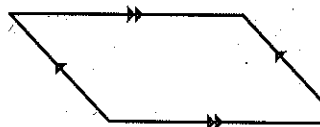
For use with pages 309–315

Decide whether the figure is a parallelogram.  
If it is not, explain why.

1.

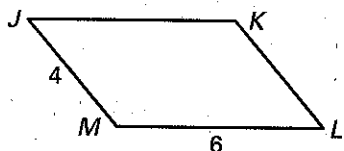


2.

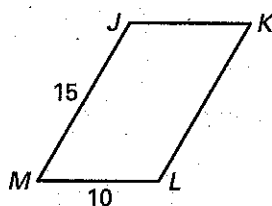


$JKLM$  is a parallelogram. Find  $JK$  and  $KL$ .

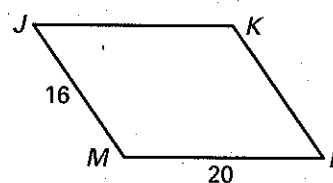
3.



4.

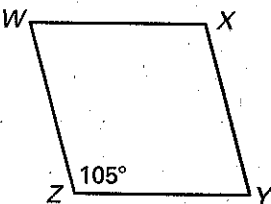


5.

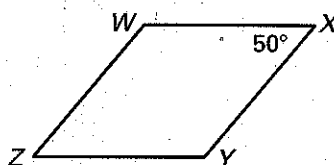


$WXYZ$  is a parallelogram. Find the missing angle measures.

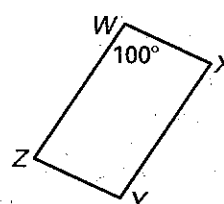
6.



7.

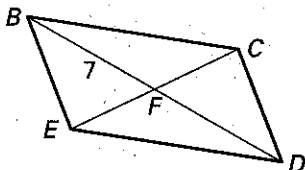


8.

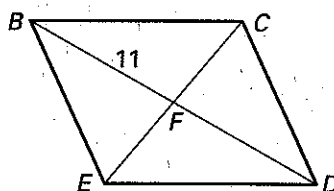


$BCDE$  is a parallelogram. Find  $DF$ .

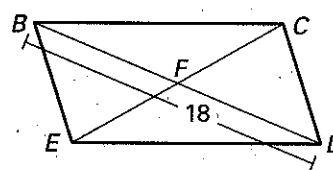
9.



10.

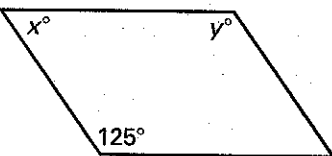


11.

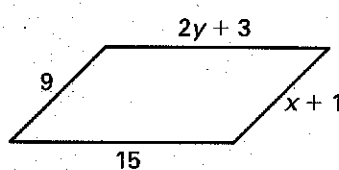


Find the values of  $x$  and  $y$  in the parallelogram.

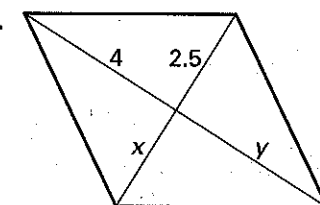
12.



13.



14.

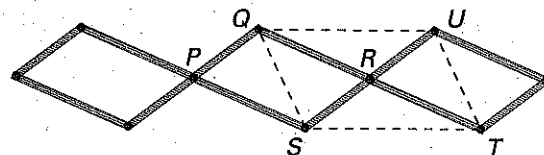


The diagram at the right shows an adjustable coat rack.

15. For  $\square PQRS$ , name a side that is congruent to  $\overline{PS}$ .

16. For  $\square PQRS$ , name an angle that is congruent to  $\angle Q$ .

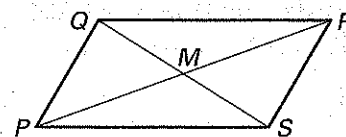
17. The points  $Q$ ,  $U$ ,  $T$ , and  $S$  form a parallelogram. Use what you know about the diagonals of a parallelogram to name a length equal to  $RU$ .



# Practice B

For use with pages 309–315

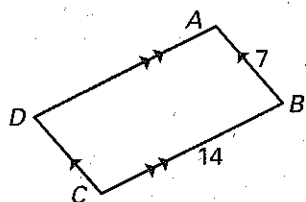
Write the statement of each theorem in symbols for  $\square PQRS$ , where  $m\angle SPQ = m\angle QRS = x^\circ$  and  $m\angle RSP = m\angle PQR = y^\circ$ .



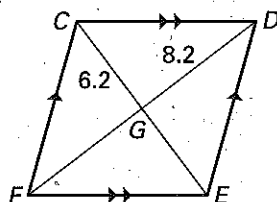
1. If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its opposite sides are congruent.
2. If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its opposite angles are congruent.
3. If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its consecutive angles are supplementary.
4. If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its diagonals bisect each other.

Find the lengths or angle measures.

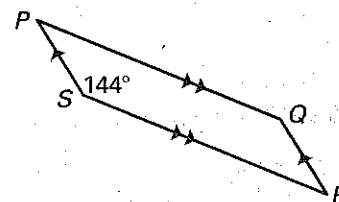
5. Find  $DA$  and  $DC$ .



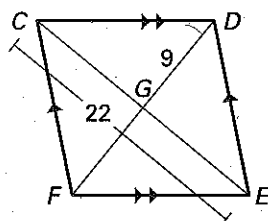
6. Find  $GE$  and  $DF$ .



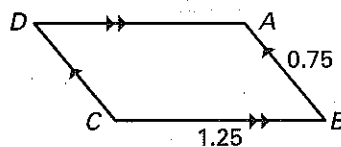
7. Find  $m\angle P$ ,  $m\angle Q$ , and  $m\angle R$ .



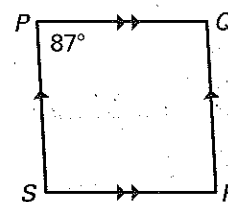
8. Find  $GE$  and  $GF$ .



9. Find  $DA$  and  $DC$ .

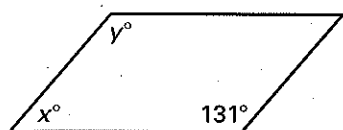


10. Find  $m\angle Q$ ,  $m\angle R$ , and  $m\angle S$ .

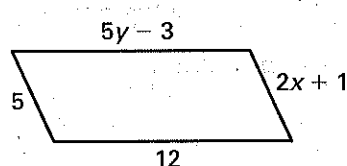


Find the values of  $x$  and  $y$  in the parallelogram.

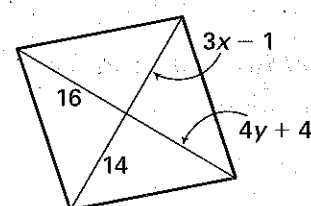
- 11.



- 12.



- 13.



The chevron symbol shown at the right is used to direct traffic flow.

14. For  $\square JKPM$ , name two pairs of congruent sides.
15. For  $\square MPQN$ , name two pairs of congruent angles.
16. For  $\square JKPM$ , name two angles that are supplementary to  $\angle K$ .

